## Safety Data Sheet

## Section 1: Identification of the Substance/Mixture and of the Company/Undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product Name	<ul> <li>Silver Conductive Paint</li> </ul>
Synonyms	Silver Paint
Product Code	<ul> <li>05001-AB; 05002-AB; 05002-GA; 05002G-AB; 05002P-AB</li> </ul>
1.2 Relevant identified u	uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Relevant identified use(s)	<ul> <li>Mounting and grounding of specimens for scanning electron microscopy and other applications calling for physical and electrical connections.</li> </ul>
1.3 Details of the suppli	er of the safety data sheet
Manufacturer	<ul> <li>SPI Supplies Division Structure Probe, Inc.</li> </ul>
	206 Garfield Ave. West Chester, PA 19380 United States http://www.2spi.com SDS@2spi.com
Telephone (Genera	<b>II) •</b> 1-(610)-436-5400
1.4 Emergency telephone	ne number
Manufacturer	• 1-(800)-424-9300 - Chemtrec
Manufacturer	• 1-(703)-741-5970 - Worldwide

## **Section 2: Hazards Identification**

#### EU/EEC

According to: Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)/REACH 1907/2006 [amended by 2015/830]

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

- CLP
   Flammable Liquids 3 H226 Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Narcotic Effects - H336 Hazardous to the aquatic environment Chronic 2 - H411 EUH066
- 2.2 Label Elements

CLP

WARNING



Hazard statements •

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### **Precautionary statements**

Prevention •	<ul> <li>P233 - Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P235 - Keep cool.</li> <li>P240 - Ground and/or bond container and receiving equipment.</li> <li>P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.</li> <li>P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.</li> <li>P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.</li> <li>P261 - Avoid breathing fume, mist, vapours and/or spray.</li> <li>P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.</li> </ul>
Response •	<ul> <li>P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate media for extinction.</li> <li>P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.</li> <li>P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.</li> <li>P391 - Collect spillage.</li> </ul>
Storage/Disposal •	<ul> <li>P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P235 - Keep cool.</li> <li>P405 - Store locked up.</li> <li>P501 - Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.</li> </ul>
2.3 Other Hazards	
CLP .	Heating above the melting point releases metallic oxides which may cause metal fume fever by inhalation. The symptoms are shivering, fever, malaise and muscular pain. Repeated exposure to silver can cause argyria/argyrosis, a grey-blue discoloration of the eyes, nose, throat, skin and internal organs. According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) this material is considered hazardous.

**United States (US)** According to: OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 HCS

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA HCS 2012	<ul> <li>Flammable Liquids 3 Skin Irritation 2 Eye Mild Irritation 2B Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Respiratory Tract Irritation Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Narcotic Effects Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Health Hazards - Metal fume fever, and argyria, a blue-gray discoloration of the skin, mucous membranes, and eyes</li> </ul>

## 2.2 Label elements

OSHA HCS 2012

# WARNING



Hazard statements · Flammable liquid and vapour Causes skin irritation Causes eye irritation May cause respiratory irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness

## **Precautionary statements**

Prevention • Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and/or hot surfaces. - No smoking.

	Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Ground and/or bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing fume, mist, vapours and/or spray. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response •	In case of fire: Use to extinguish. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water . Specific treatment, see supplemental first aid information. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Storage/Disposal ∙	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up. Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.
2.3 Other hazards OSHA HCS 2012 •	Heating above the melting point releases metallic oxides which may cause metal fume fever by inhalation. The symptoms are shivering, fever, malaise and muscular pain. Repeated exposure to silver can cause argyria/argyrosis, a grey-blue discoloration of the eyes, nose, throat, skin and internal organs. Under United States Regulations (29 CFR 1910.1200 - Hazard Communication Standard), this product is considered hazardous.

# Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

# 3.1 Substances

• Material does not meet the criteria of a substance.

# 3.2 Mixtures

	Composition					
Chemical Name	Identifiers	%	LD50/LC50	Classifications According to Regulation/Directive Comme		
Silver	<b>CAS</b> :7440-22-4 <b>EC</b> <b>Number</b> :231- 131-3	35% TO 65%	NDA	<b>EU CLP:</b> Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 <b>OSHA HCS 2012:</b> Hazard Not Otherwise Classified - Health Hazard - Metal fume fever, and argyria, a blue- gray discoloration of the skin, mucous membranes, and eyes	NDA	
n-Butyl acetate	CAS:123-86-4 EC Number:204- 658-1 EU Index:607- 025-00-1	10% TO 30%	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 10768 mg/kg Skin-Rabbit LD50 • >17600 mg/kg	<b>EU CLP:</b> Annex VI, Table 3.1: Flam. Liq. 3, H226; STOT SE 3: Narc., H336; EUH066 <b>OSHA HCS 2012:</b> Flam. Liq. 2; Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Irrit. 2B; STOT SE 3: Narc.; STOT SE 3: Resp. Irrit. (InhI)	NDA	
	CAS:108-65-6					

1-Metho propano acetate	,	EC Number:203- 603-9 EU Index:607- 195-00-7	10% TO 30%	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 8532 mg/kg Skin-Rabbit LD50 • >5 g/kg	EU CLP: Annex VI, Table 3.1: Flam. Liq. 3, H226 OSHA HCS 2012: Not Classified	NDA
Acrylic r	esin	NDA	5% TO 10%	IDA EU CLP: Not Classified OSHA HCS 2012: Not Classified		NDA

## Section 4 - First Aid Measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures Inhalation Move victim to fresh air. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Give artificial • respiration if victim is not breathing. Get medical attention immediately. Skin Wash skin with soap and water. Remove and isolate contaminated clothing. If irritation develops and persists, get medical attention. Eye In case of contact with substance, immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 20 minutes. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Give two or more glasses of water immediately. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain Ingestion • medical attention immediately if ingested. 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed • Refer to Section 11 - Toxicological Information. 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed · All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the Notes to Physician patient. Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.

## **Section 5 - Firefighting Measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media •	Dry Chemical, CO2, water foam, "alcohol" foam, water spray to cool fire-exposed containers and disperse vapor.
Unsuitable Extinguishing • Media	Do not use a direct stream of water.
5.2 Special hazards arising	g from the substance or mixture
Unusual Fire and Explosion	HIGHLY FLAMMABLE: Will be easily ignited by heat sparks or flames

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards	<ul> <li>HIGHLY FLAMMABLE: Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Containers may explode when heated. Many liquids are lighter than water. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.</li> </ul>
Hazardous Combustion Products	Toxic decomposition products may form under fire conditions.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	5
	<ul> <li>Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. LARGE FIRES: Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.</li> </ul>

## Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions	<ul> <li>CAUTION: Victim may be a source of contamination. Do not walk through spilled material. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)</li> </ul>
Emergency Procedures	<ul> <li>As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 50 meters (150 feet) in all directions. LARGE SPILL: Consider initial downwind evacuation for at least 300 meters (1000 feet) ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.</li> </ul>
6.2 Environmental pred	cautions

#### • Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Containment/Clean-up	<ul> <li>Stop leak if you can do it without risk.</li> </ul>
Measures	Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers.
	Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material.
	A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors.
	All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded.
	LARGE SPILLS: Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.
	LARGE SPILLS: Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in
	closed spaces.
	Waste product may be refined to recover previous metal content.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

 Refer to Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection and Section 13 - Disposal Considerations.

## Section 7 - Handling and Storage

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handl	ing
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• Use only in well ventilated areas. Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Do not use sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static charges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, avoid direct contact. Avoid breathing fume, mist, vapours and/or spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, or using tobacco. Empty product containers, contaminated clothing and cleaning materials, etc. should be considered hazardous until decontaminated or properly disposed according to federal, state and local laws and regulations.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage

• Store in a tightly closed container. Store in a cool/low-temperature, well-ventilated place away from heat and ignition sources.

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

• This item is not being offered for clinical or diagnostic applications, agricultural uses or for human or animal consumption. Refer to Section 1.2 - Relevant identified uses.

## Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Exposure Limits/Guidelines					
Res	ult AC	GIH	NIOSH	OSHA	

n-Butyl acetate	TWAs	150 ppm TWA	150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m3 TWA	150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m3 TWA
(123-86-4)	STELs	200 ppm STEL	200 ppm STEL; 950 mg/m3 STEL	Not established
Silver (7440-22-4)	TWAs	0.1 mg/m3 TWA (dust and fume)	0.01 mg/m3 TWA (dust)	0.01 mg/m3 TWA

## 8.2 Exposure controls

o.z Exposure controls	>
Engineering Measures/Controls	<ul> <li>Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.</li> </ul>
Personal Protective Equip	ment
Respiratory	<ul> <li>Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or symptoms are experienced.</li> </ul>
Eye/Face	Wear safety goggles.
Skin/Body	Wear appropriate gloves.
Environmental Exposure Controls	<ul> <li>Controls should be engineered to prevent release to the environment, including procedures to prevent spills, atmospheric release and release to waterways. Follow best practice for site management and disposal of waste.</li> </ul>
Additional Protection Measures	• An eyewash station and emergency shower must be available to the work station.
Key to abbreviations ACGIH = American Conference of G NIOSH = National Institute of Occup	

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration

# Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

# 9.1 Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Material Description			
Physical Form	Liquid	Appearance/Description	Gray paste with mild fruity odor.
Color	Gray	Odor	Mild fruity odor.
Odor Threshold	Data lacking		
General Properties			
Boiling Point	259 to 284 °F(126.1111 to 140 °C)	Melting Point/Freezing Point	Data lacking
Decomposition Temperature	Data lacking	рН	Data lacking
Specific Gravity/Relative Density	1.8 to 2 Water=1	Water Solubility	Appreciable > 10 %
Viscosity	Data lacking	Explosive Properties	Data lacking
Oxidizing Properties:	Data lacking		
Volatility			
Vapor Pressure	6 mmHg (torr) @ 20 °C(68 °F)	Vapor Density	> 1 Air=1
Evaporation Rate	< 1 n-Butyl Acetate = 1	Volatiles (Vol.)	30 to 40 %
Flammability	-	-	
Flash Point	76 °F(24.4444 °C)	UEL	10 %
LEL	1.5 %	Autoignition	Data lacking
Flammability (solid, gas)	Data lacking		
Environmental	-	-	•
Octanol/Water Partition coefficient	Data lacking		

## 9.2 Other Information

• No additional physical and chemical parameters noted.

## Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

## 10.1 Reactivity

• No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

#### **10.2 Chemical stability**

• Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

• Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### **10.4 Conditions to avoid**

· Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

#### **10.5 Incompatible materials**

• Oxidizing agents, acids, potassium tert-butoxide, reducing agents.

## **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

• At high temperature may include COx (carbon dioxide / carbon monoxide), water, nitrogen oxides, ethyl methacrylate, methyl acrylate.

## **Section 11 - Toxicological Information**

## **11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

		Components
Silver (35% TO 65%)	7440- 22-4	Multi-dose Toxicity: Ingestion/Oral-Rat TDLo • 8400 mg/kg 28 Day(s)-Intermittent; <i>Blood</i> :Changes in serum composition (e.g., TP, bilirubin cholesterol); <i>Blood</i> :Changes in erythrocyte (RBC) count; <i>Biochemical:Enzyme inhibition, induction, or change in blood or tissue levels</i> :Phosphatases
1-Methoxy-2- propanol acetate (10% TO 30%)	108- 65-6	Acute Toxicity: Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 8532 mg/kg; Skin-Rabbit LD50 • >5 g/kg
n-Butyl acetate (10% TO 30%)		Acute Toxicity: Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 10768 mg/kg; <i>Behavioral</i> :Somnolence (general depressed activity); <i>Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration</i> :Other changes; <i>Liver</i> :Other changes; Skin-Rabbit LD50 • >17600 mg/kg; Irritation: Eye-Rabbit • 100 mg • Moderate irritation; Skin-Rabbit • 500 mg 24 Hour(s) • Moderate irritation; Multi-dose Toxicity: Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 1500 ppm 6 Hour(s) 13 Week(s)-Continuous; <i>Behavioral</i> :Somnolence (general depressed activity); <i>Behavioral</i> :Food intake (animal); <i>Nutritional and Gross Metabolic:Gross Metabolite</i> <i>Changes</i> :Weight loss or decreased weight gain; Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 1500 ppm 6 Hour(s) 13 Week(s)-Intermittent; <i>Behavioral</i> :Somnolence (general depressed activity); <i>Nutritional and Gross Metabolic:Gross Metabolite</i> <i>Changes</i> :Weight loss or decreased weight gain; <i>Reproductive:</i> Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 1500 ppm (6-20D preg); <i>Reproductive Effects:Effects on Embryo or</i> <i>Fetus</i> :Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus); Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 1500 ppm 7 Hour(s)(7-16D preg); <i>Reproductive Effects:Effects on Embryo or Fetus</i> :Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus); <i>Reproductive</i> <i>Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities</i> :Musculoskeletal system

GHS Properties	Classification
Acute toxicity	EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking

Skin corrosion/Irritation	EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Skin Irritation 2
Serious eye damage/Irritation	EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Eye Mild Irritation 2B
Skin sensitization	EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking
Respiratory sensitization	EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking
Aspiration Hazard	EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking
Carcinogenicity	EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking
Toxicity for Reproduction	EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking
STOT-SE	<b>EU/CLP</b> • Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Narcotic Effects <b>OSHA HCS 2012</b> • Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Narcotic Effects; Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Respiratory Tract Irritation
STOT-RE	EU/CLP • Data lacking OSHA HCS 2012 • Data lacking

#### **Potential Health Effects**

Inholotion

IIIIaialion	
Acute (Immediate)	<ul> <li>May cause respiratory irritation. May affect the central nervous system. Symptoms may include dizziness, drowsiness, lethargy, coma and death.</li> </ul>
Chronic (Delayed)	No data available
Skin	
Acute (Immediate)	Causes skin irritation.
Chronic (Delayed)	<ul> <li>Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.</li> </ul>
Eye	
Acute (Immediate)	Causes eye irritation.
Chronic (Delayed)	No data available
Ingestion	

- · May cause headache, drowsiness and unconsciousness.
- No data available

## Other

· Repeated exposure to silver can cause argyria/argyrosis, a grey-blue discoloration of the eyes, nose, throat, skin and internal organs.

11.2 Other information

Acute (Immediate)

Chronic (Delayed)

**Chronic (Delayed)** 

Heating above the melting point releases metallic oxides which may cause metal fume ٠ fever which is an influenza like illness. Symptoms include headache, metallic taste in the mouth, cough, thirst, throat irritation, shortness of breath, fever, sweating and pain in the limbs. This illness is not permanent and recovery usually occurs within 24-48 hours after onset.

# Section 12 - Ecological Information

## 12.1 Toxicity

	Components			
Silver (35% TO 65%)	7440- 22-4	<ul> <li>Aquatic Toxicity-Fish: 96 Hour(s) LC50 Pimephales promelas (Fathead Minnow) 0.00213 mg/L Comments: Influence of Water Quality Parameters on Silver Toxicity: Preliminary Result</li> <li>14 Day(s) NOEC Oryzias latipes (Japanese Medaka) 0.05 mg/L Comments: Silver Nanoparticles Cause Oxidative Damage and Histological Changes in Medaka (Oryzias latipes) After 14 Days of Exposure</li> <li>Aquatic Toxicity-Crustacea: 7 Day(s) NOEC Water Flea 0.0011 mg/L Comments: The Effects of Silver on Green Algae and Prospects for Trophic Transfer</li> <li>48 Hour(s) EC50 Water Flea 0.00024 mg/L Comments: Metal Toxicity Tests</li> <li>Aquatic Toxicity-Algae and Other Aquatic Plant(s): 96 Hour(s) EC50 Chroomonas sp. (Cryptomonad) 0.0014 mg/L Comments: Silver Transport and Impact in Estuarine and Marine Systems</li> </ul>		
n-Butyl acetate (10% TO 30%)	123-86- 4	<b>Aquatic Toxicity-Fish:</b> 96 Hour(s) LC50 <i>Pimephales promelas (Fathead Minnow)</i> 18 mg/L Comments: Acute Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (Pimephales promelas), Vol. 1		

• Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

· Material data lacking.

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Material data lacking.

## 12.4 Mobility in Soil

· Material data lacking.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

• No PBT and vPvB assessment has been conducted.

## 12.6 Other adverse effects

• No studies have been found.

## **Section 13 - Disposal Considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

 Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Packaging waste

**Product waste** 

Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

## Section 14 - Transport Information

	14.1 UN number	14.2 UN proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 Packing group	14.5 Environmental hazards
DOT	UN1263	Paint related material	3	Ш	NDA
IMO/IMDG	UN1263	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	3	Ш	NDA
IATA/ICAO	UN1263	Paint related material	3	III	NDA

14.6 Special precautions for	•	None specified.
user		
14.7 Transport in bulk	•	Data lacking.
according to Annex II of		-
Marpol and the IBC Code		

# Section 15 - Regulatory Information

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

SARA Hazard Classifications • Acute, Fire

		Inve	ntory	
Component	CAS	EU EINECS	EU ELNICS	TSCA
1-Methoxy-2- propanol acetate	108-65-6	Yes	No	Yes
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	Yes	No	Yes
Silver	7440-22-4	Yes	No	Yes

## **United States**

n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	Not Listed
• Silver	7440-22-4	Not Listed
1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate	108-65-6	Not Listed
J.S OSHA - Specifically Regulated Chemicals		
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	Not Listed
• Silver	7440-22-4	Not Listed
1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate	108-65-6	Not Listed
Environment		
J.S CAA (Clean Air Act) - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants		
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	Not Listed
• Silver	7440-22-4	Not Listed
1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate	108-65-6	Not Listed
J.S CERCLA/SARA - Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantit	lies	
<ul> <li>J.S CERCLA/SARA - Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantit</li> <li>n-Butyl acetate</li> </ul>	t <b>ies</b> 123-86-4	5000 lb final RQ (listed under Butyl acetate); 2270 kg final RQ (listed under Butyl acetate

n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	Not Listed
• Silver	7440-22-4	Not Listed
1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate	108-65-6	Not Listed
U.S CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA RQs		
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	Not Listed
• Silver	7440-22-4	Not Listed
1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate	108-65-6	Not Listed
U.S CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances TPQs		
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	Not Listed
• Silver	7440-22-4	Not Listed
1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate	108-65-6	Not Listed
U.S CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting		
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	Not Listed
• Silver	7440-22-4	1.0 % de minimis
	7440-22-4	concentration
1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate	108-65-6	Not Listed
U.S CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - PBT Chemical Listing		
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	Not Listed
• Silver	7440-22-4	Not Listed
1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate	108-65-6	Not Listed

## **United States - California**

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123-86-4	Not Listed	
7440-22-4	Not Listed	
108-65-6	Not Listed	
123-86-4	Not Listed	
7440-22-4	Not Listed	
108-65-6	Not Listed	
123-86-4	Not Listed	
7440-22-4	Not Listed	
108-65-6	Not Listed	
123-86-4	Not Listed	
7440-22-4	Not Listed	
108-65-6	Not Listed	
123-86-4	Not Listed	
7440-22-4	Not Listed	
108-65-6	Not Listed	
123-86-4	Not Listed	
7440-22-4	Not Listed	
	7440-22-4 108-65-6 123-86-4 7440-22-4 108-65-6 123-86-4 7440-22-4 108-65-6 123-86-4 7440-22-4 108-65-6 123-86-4 7440-22-4 108-65-6 123-86-4	7440-22-4       Not Listed         108-65-6       Not Listed         123-86-4       Not Listed         7440-22-4       Not Listed         108-65-6       Not Listed         108-65-6       Not Listed         123-86-4       Not Listed         123-86-4       Not Listed         108-65-6       Not Listed         108-65-6       Not Listed         123-86-4       Not Listed         108-65-6       Not Listed         123-86-4       Not Listed         123-86-4       Not Listed         123-86-4       Not Listed         123-86-4       Not Listed

• 1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate

# **15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment**

• No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

Section 16 - Other Information			
Revision Date Preparation Date	<ul><li> 19/December/2016</li><li> 15/March/2016</li></ul>		
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Key to abbreviations			

NDA = No Data Available