Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : SPI Chem™ DMAE 2-Dimethylaminoethanol
Product code : 02824-AA, 02824-AB
Chemical name : 2-dimethylaminoethanol
Other means of identification : 2-Dimethylaminoethanol; NN-Dimethylethanolamine; DMAE
Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use : Laboratory chemicals
Area of application : Industrial applications, Professional applications.

Supplier's details : SPI Supplies Division Structure Probe, Inc.
206 Garfield Ave. West Chester, PA 19380
United States
Telephone: 1-(610)-436-5400
http://www.2spi.com

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : SDS@2spi.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : CHEMTREC
Toll Free: 1-(800)-424-9300 (USA + Canada) (24/7)
International: 1-(703)-741-5970 (24/7)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture : H226 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
H302 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
H312 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
H331 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3
H314 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B
H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
H335 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms : ![Hazard pictograms]

Signal word : Danger
Section 2. Hazards identification

**Hazard statements**
- H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.
- H302 + H312 - Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.
- H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H331 - Toxic if inhaled.
- H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

**Precautionary statements**

**Prevention**
- P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
- P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.
- P242 - Use non-sparking tools.
- P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.
- P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.
- P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Response**
- P304 + P340, P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

**Storage**
- P405 - Store locked up.
- P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- P403 + P235 - Keep cool.

**Disposal**
- P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Supplemental label elements**
- Do not taste or swallow. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Hazards not otherwise classified**
- Causes digestive tract burns.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture**
- Substance

**Chemical name**
- 2-dimethylaminoethanol

**Other means of identification**
- 2-Dimethylaminoethanol; NN-Dimethylethanolamine; DMAE

**CAS number/other identifiers**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Other names</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-dimethylaminoethanol</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>108-01-0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.
Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Toxic if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, watering, redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation, coughing

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Version : 1

United States
Section 4. First aid measures

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain or irritation
- redness
- blistering may occur

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- stomach pains

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescue should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

**Notes to physician**: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

---

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media**: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
- alcohol-resistant foam

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**: Do not use water jet.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products**: Decomposition products may include the following materials:
- carbon dioxide
- carbon monoxide
- nitrogen oxides

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters**: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Section 7. Handling and storage

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-dimethylaminoethanol</td>
<td>None.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Appropriate engineering controls**

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures**

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection**

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection**

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection**

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

**Other skin protection**

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Respiratory protection**: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance**
- **Physical state**: Liquid.
- **Color**: Colorless to light yellow.
- **Odor**: Amine-like.
- **Odor threshold**: 0.015 ppm
- **pH**: Not available.
- **Melting point**: -70 to -59°C (-94 to -74.2°F)
- **Boiling point**: 133 to 139°C (271.4 to 282.2°F)
- **Flash point**: Closed cup: 40°C (104°F)  
  Open cup: 40.5°C (104.9°F) [DIN 51755]
- **Evaporation rate**: 0.157 (butyl acetate = 1)
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**: Not applicable.
- **Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits**: Lower: 1.6%  
  Upper: 11.9%
- **Vapor pressure**: 0.61 kPa (4.59 mm Hg)
- **Vapor density**: 3.03 [Air = 1]
- **Relative density**: 0.89
- **Density**: 0.89 g/cm³ [21.6°C (70.9°F)]
- **Solubility**: Soluble in the following materials: cold water, hot water, methanol, diethyl ether and acetone.
- **Solubility in water**: 100 g/l
- **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**: -0.55
- **Auto-ignition temperature**: 295°C (563°F) [DIN 51794]
- **Decomposition temperature**: Not available.
- **SADT**: Not available.
- **Viscosity**: Dynamic: 3.58 mPa·s (3.58 cP)
- **Flow time (ISO 2431)**: Not available.
- **Molecular weight**: 89.14 g/mole

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Conditions to avoid**: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

**Incompatible materials**: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

**Hazardous decomposition products**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

**Information on toxicological effects**

**Acute toxicity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-dimethylaminoethanol</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>5.984 mg/l</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>1215 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>2 g/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Irritation/Corrosion**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-dimethylaminoethanol</td>
<td>Eyes - Severe irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5 µL</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>445 mg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sensitization**

Not available.

**Mutagenicity**

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

**Carcinogenicity**

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity**

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

**Teratogenicity**

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-dimethylaminoethanol</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Respiratory tract irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**

Not available.

**Aspiration hazard**

Not available.
Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation: Toxic if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact: Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin.
Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain
- watering
- redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- respiratory tract irritation
- coughing

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain or irritation
- redness
- blistering may occur

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects: Not available.
Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects: Not available.
Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Oral (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Dermal (mg/kg)</th>
<th>Inhalation (gases) (ppm)</th>
<th>Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)</th>
<th>Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-dimethylaminoethanol</td>
<td>2000</td>
<td>1215</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>5.984</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Date of previous issue: No previous validation
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United States
Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Aquatic half-life</th>
<th>Photolysis</th>
<th>Biodegradability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-dimethylaminoethanol</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Readily</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP&lt;sub&gt;ow&lt;/sub&gt;</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-dimethylaminoethanol</td>
<td>-0.55</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>OC</sub>) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DOT Classification</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN number</td>
<td>UN2051</td>
<td>UN2051</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>2-Dimethylaminoethanol</td>
<td>2-DIMETHYLAMINOETHANOL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport hazard class(es)</td>
<td>8 (3)</td>
<td>8 (3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>II</td>
<td>II</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06/30/2021    Date of previous issue : No previous validation    Version : 1    10/13

United States
Section 14. Transport information

Environmental hazards

Additional information

DOT Classification
- **Limited quantity**: Yes.
- **Quantity limitation**: Passenger aircraft/rail: 1 L. Cargo aircraft: 30 L.
- **Special provisions**: B2, IB2, T7, TP2

IMDG
- **Emergency schedules**: F-E, S-C

IATA

Special precautions for user: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Proper shipping name: Dimethylethanolamine

Remarks: Liquid bulk cargoes
- Ship type: 3
- Pollution category: Y

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations
- **TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption**: Not determined
- United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is active or exempted.

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)
- Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances
- Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances
- Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)
- Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)
- Not listed

SARA 302/304
- **Composition/information on ingredients**
  No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ
- Not applicable.

SARA 311/312
- **Classification**
  - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
  - ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
  - ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
  - ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3
  - SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B
  - SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
  - SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

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Date of previous issue: No previous validation
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Section 15. Regulatory information

**Composition/information on ingredients**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 2-dimethylaminoethanol     | 100| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  
                                |    | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4  
                                |    | ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4  
                                |    | ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3  
                                |    | SKIN CORROSION - Category 1  
                                |    | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1  
                                |    | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)  
                                |    | (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3  
                                |    | HNOC - Corrosive to digestive tract |

**SARA 313**

Not applicable.

**State regulations**

- **Massachusetts**: This material is listed.
- **New York**: This material is not listed.
- **New Jersey**: This material is listed.
- **Pennsylvania**: This material is listed.

**California Prop. 65**

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

**International regulations**

- **Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals**
  Not listed.
- **Montreal Protocol**
  Not listed.
- **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**
  Not listed.
- **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**
  Not listed.
- **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**
  Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Physical hazards</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>/</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.
Section 16. Other information

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3</td>
<td>On basis of test data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4</td>
<td>On basis of test data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4</td>
<td>On basis of test data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3</td>
<td>On basis of test data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B</td>
<td>Expert judgment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1</td>
<td>Expert judgment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3</td>
<td>Expert judgment</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

History

- Date of issue/Date of revision: 06/30/2021
- Date of previous issue: No previous validation
- Version: 1
- Prepared by: Sphera Solutions

Key to abbreviations

- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- AMP = Acceptable maximum peak above the acceptable ceiling concentration for an 8-hr shift
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
- N/A = Not available
- UN = United Nations

References

- HCS (U.S.A.)- Hazard Communication Standard
- International transport regulations

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.