

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

SPI-Chem™ Benzoyl Peroxide

## Section 1. Identification

**GHS product identifier** : SPI-Chem™ Benzoyl Peroxide  
**Product code** : 02822-BA  
**Other means of identification** : Benzoyl peroxide, wet with 25% water  
**Product type** : Solid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Catalyst.  
**Area of application** : Industrial applications, Professional applications.

**Supplier's details** : SPI Supplies Division Structure Probe, Inc.  
206 Garfield Ave. West Chester, PA 19380  
United States

Telephone: 1-(610)-436-5400  
<http://www.2spi.com>

**E-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : [SDS@2spi.com](mailto:SDS@2spi.com)

**Emergency telephone number** : **SPI Supplies / Structure Probe Inc.**  
Phone: +1 484-313-4165

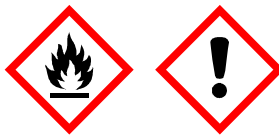
## Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS status** : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : H242 ORGANIC PEROXIDES - Type C  
H319 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  
H317 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

### GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H242 - Heating may cause a fire.  
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

### Precautionary statements

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 08/18/2023 **Date of previous issue** : No previous validation **Version** : 1 1/13



## Section 2. Hazards identification

- Prevention** :
- P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
  - P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
  - P220 - Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials.
  - P234 - Keep only in original packaging.
  - P261 - Avoid breathing dust.
  - P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.
  - P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
- Response** :
- P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
  - P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
  - P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
  - P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
  - P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
- Storage** :
- P410 - Protect from sunlight.
  - P411 + P235 - Store at temperatures not exceeding @%1 °C/@%2 °F. Keep cool.
  - P420 - Store separately.
- Disposal** :
- P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Hazards not otherwise classified** :
- None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- Substance/mixture** : Mixture
- Other means of identification** : Benzoyl peroxide, wet with 25% water

Ingredient name	Other names	%	CAS number
dibenzoyl peroxide water	benzoyl peroxide -	75 25	94-36-0 7732-18-5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** :
- Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** :
- Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.



## Section 4. First aid measures

- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog).
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.



## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material increases the risk of fire and may aid combustion. Heating may cause a fire. May re-ignite itself after fire is extinguished. Hazardous decomposition may occur.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide
- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Remark** : May cause fire. Contact with combustible material may cause fire.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid contamination with reactive substances. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid contamination with reactive substances. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.  
Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.



## Section 7. Handling and storage

Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. Temperature control may be required. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

- : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- : To avoid the risk of formation of shock-sensitive crystals or loss of stability, it is important to store the product within the recommended temperature range. Temperature control may be required. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store at temperatures not exceeding @%1 °C/@%2 °F. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from reducing agents and combustible materials. Keep away from rust, iron and copper. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Prevent product contamination. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
dibenzoyl peroxide	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
water	None.

#### Biological exposure indices

None known.

### Appropriate engineering controls

- : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Use with adequate ventilation.

### Environmental exposure controls

- : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures



## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.  
Recommended: nitrile rubber, NBR: acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.  
Recommended: Air purifying half mask with organic filter with oil mist N95 filter cartridges.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Solid. [Powder]
- Color** : White.
- Odor** : Not available.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not applicable.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Not applicable.
- Flammability** : May cause fire. Contact with combustible material may cause fire.
- Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit** : Not applicable.
- Vapor pressure** : 0.13 kPa (1 mm Hg)
- Relative vapor density** : Not applicable.
- Relative density** : Not available.
- Density** : Not available.



## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	:	<b>Media</b>	<b>Result</b>
		water	Insoluble
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>	:	Not applicable.	
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	:	Not applicable.	
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	:	Not available.	
<b>SADT</b>	:	Not available.	
<b>Viscosity</b>	:	Not applicable.	
<b><u>Particle characteristics</u></b>			
<b>Median particle size</b>	:	Not available.	
<b><u>Other information</u></b>			
<b>Physical/chemical properties comments</b>	:	Explosive when dry.	

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	:	This product possesses explosive properties but, as packaged, will not detonate or deflagrate rapidly or undergo a thermal explosion.	
<b>Chemical stability</b>	:	The product is stable.	
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	:	Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. Conditions may include the following: temperature increase high temperature Reactions may include the following: hazardous decomposition risk of causing fire Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.	
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	:	Avoid increased storage temperature.	
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: combustible materials reducing materials copper iron rust Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: organic materials and metals. Flammable material	
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.	



## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dibenzoyl peroxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	>24.3 mg/l 6400 mg/kg	4 hours -

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
dibenzoyl peroxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
dibenzoyl peroxide	-	3	-

#### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.



## Section 11. Toxicological information

- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

- General** : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
dibenzoyl peroxide	6400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dibenzoyl peroxide	Acute EC50 0.042 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.11 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.06 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.02 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.001 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days

- Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Persistence and degradability



## Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
dibenzoyl peroxide	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	71 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability	
dibenzoyl peroxide	-	-	Readily	

### Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
dibenzoyl peroxide	3.2	-	Low
water	-1.38	-	Low

### Mobility in soil





Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3104	UN3104	UN3104
UN proper shipping name	Organic peroxide type C, solid (dibenzoyl peroxide)	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE C, SOLID (dibenzoyl peroxide)	Organic peroxide type C, solid (dibenzoyl peroxide)
Transport hazard class(es)	5.2 	5.2  	5.2 
Packing group	-	-	-

Date of issue/Date of revision : 08/18/2023 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 10/13



## Section 14. Transport information

Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.
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### Additional information

DOT Classification	: <b>Limited quantity</b> Yes. <b>Packaging instruction</b> Exceptions: 152. Non-bulk: 225. Bulk: None. <b>Quantity limitation</b> Passenger aircraft/rail: 5 kg. Cargo aircraft: 10 kg.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <b>Emergency schedules</b> F-J, S-R <b>Special provisions</b> 122, 195, 274
IATA	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. <b>Quantity limitation</b> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 5 kg. Packaging instructions: 570. Cargo Aircraft Only: 10 kg. Packaging instructions: 570. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: Forbidden. Packaging instructions: Forbidden. <b>Special provisions</b> A20, A150, A802

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations** : **TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption:** Not determined  
**United States inventory (TSCA 8b):** All components are active or exempted.

**Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)** : Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances** : Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances** : Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)** : Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)** : Not listed

### SARA 302/304

#### Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

### SARA 311/312

**Classification** : ORGANIC PEROXIDES - Type C  
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

#### Composition/information on ingredients



## Section 15. Regulatory information

Name	%	Classification
dibenzoyl peroxide	75	ORGANIC PEROXIDES - Type B EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

### SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	dibenzoyl peroxide	94-36-0	75
Supplier notification	dibenzoyl peroxide	94-36-0	75

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

### State regulations

- Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: BENZOYL PEROXIDE
- New York** : None of the components are listed.
- New Jersey** : The following components are listed: BENZOYL PEROXIDE
- Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: PEROXIDE, DIBENZOYL

### California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

## Section 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	/	2
Flammability		0
Physical hazards		2

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.



## Section 16. Other information

### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
ORGANIC PEROXIDES - Type C EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Expert judgment Calculation method Calculation method

### History

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 08/18/2023
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Prepared by	: Sphera Solutions
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate AMP = Acceptable maximum peak above the acceptable ceiling concentration for an 8-hr shift BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations
References	: HCS (U.S.A.) - Hazard Communication Standard International transport regulations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.